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Sonoma Valley Expositor

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VOL. II. SONOMA, SONOMA COUNTY, CALIFORNIA MARCH 16, 1900. NO. 9.

Glen Ellen COLUMN.

Society Notices.

NSGW

Glen Ellen Parlor, No. 102, meets on the last Saturday evening in each month at Native Sons' hall.

P H

Glen Ellen Grange, No. 299, meets the 1st and 3d Friday evenings of each month at Native Sons' hall.

W W

Ellenwood Camp, No. 487, meets the 1st and 3d Saturday evenings of each month at Native Son's hall.

Congregational Church

Rev. A. J. Scott pastor. Services every Sunday at 3:15 p. m. Sunday School at 2:45 p. m.

When in Glen Ellen
Stop at
MERVYN
HOTEL

J. W. WOOD
General
Blacksmith and
Wagonmaker
Horseshoeing a Specialty.
Plow Shears Ground while you wait.

A. E. GAIGE & SON
BUTCHERS
GLEN ELLEN
Meat Market
Runs wagon all over the country and will treat you fair and square.

We have a select stock of the best
Rubber Goods
Which we are offering to our customers at the very
Lowest Prices.
Agent for
S F Dailies
We have fresh bread every other day.
A. M. Hardman.

M. K. CADY,
NOTARY PUBLIC
GLEN - - ELLEN.
DEALER IN
Merchandise,
WINES AND LIQUORS,
AGENT FOR
Sonoma County Wines and Brandies.
REAL ESTATE and INSURANCE.

ESTABLISHED 1883.
CHAS. J. POPPE
DEALER IN
General Merchandise
Post-Master and
Insurance Agent,
COUNTRY PRODUCE
Bought and Sold.
GLEN ELLEN, - - - CAL.

News From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., March 3

The long expected preliminary report of the Industrial Commission has been presented to Congress, together with the mass of testimony taken by the commission on which it is based. The whole makes several large volumes. The recommendations of the commission, based on its present information, are, in part, as follows: "Promoters and organizers of corporations or industrial combinations which look to the public to purchase or deal in their stocks or securities should be required to furnish full details in regard to their business necessary for safe and intelligent investment. Any prospectus which fails to give this information, or which gives false information, should be held legally responsible. The nature of the business, together with the powers of the various officers, should be expressed in the certificate of incorporation, which should be open to inspection."

"The directors or trustees should be required to report to the members of such corporations its financial condition in reasonable detail; to give members access to records of directors meetings or otherwise, and to furnish them, before annual meetings, with lists of members, with their addresses and their several holdings, and to provide against the misuse of the property by directors or trustees. The larger corporations should be required to publish annually a properly audited report, showing in reasonable detail their assets and liabilities, with profit or loss; such report and audit to be under oath and to be subject to government inspection." Recommendations are also made in regard to the Interstate Commerce Commission.

There is a good deal of misinformation afloat as to the extent of the liquor export trade of the United States and particularly as to the amount sent to the Philippines. The wildest statements have been made by the prohibition press, often without the least foundation in fact. It has been asserted, for instance, that immense quantities of whiskey have been shipped to China, Japan and the Philippines, to the Congo valley and to Europe. But official statistics show that the total whiskey export during the fiscal year 1898-9 was only 329,230 gallons, valued at about $300,000, and the total shipment of all spiritous liquor in the same time was worth only $1,653,449.

The Nicaraguan canal has received another set back, owing to the objection of Mr. Burton, of Ohio, chairman of the Rivers and Harbors committee, to fixing March 18 for its consideration, on the ground that Congress should await the report of the Nicaraguan Canal commission, now examining the Panama route. Mr. Burton was the chief instrument whereby the canal was defeated in the last Congress, and the new commission authorized to pass on the Panama route. The delay caused by his objection need be only temporary, as the bill can be taken up on the call of committees when the Commerce committee is reached, or under a special order reported from the Committee on Rules and adopted by the House. Mr. Burton first based his objection on the Hay-Pauncefote treaty. Mr. Hepburn, in charge of the bill, had asked unanimous consent that the above date be set for its consideration, whereupon Mr. Burton asked if it were proposed to consider it in advance of the treaty. Mr. Hepburn replied that officially he knew nothing about any treaty, whereupon Mr. Burton objected. When asked his reason, he said: "The last Congress authorized a commission to report on the canal. We should wait for that report, if it is not unduly delayed. I am in favor of a neutral canal; do not want it fortified, as fortifications would be of little value."

The anti-injunction bill prepared by the Federation of Labor has been introduced in Congress by Mr. Ridgely of Kansas. It provides that no agreement, combination or contract between two or more persons to do, or not to do anything in furtherance of any trade dispute between employers an employes in the District of Columbia on territories or on railways engaged in interstate commerce, shall be deemed criminal, if such act committed by one person would not be punishable as a crime, nor shall such agreement, combination or contract be considered as in restraint of trade or commerce, nor shall any restraining order or injunction be issued with relation to it.

Speaking of the bill, Mr. Ridgely says that it was carefully drawn by the Federation and that he believes it to be Constitutional. It is designed to put a stop to so called "government by injunction," to which Mr. Ridgely declares himself strongly opposed.

Bicycle Built for Two Thousand.

The bicycle built for two thousand, to be seen at the Paris Exposition of 1900, will be the very behemoth of bicycles—the largest wheel ever built. It could be ridden only by a giant more than twice as tall as the Colossus of Rhodes. Upon it such a rider could scorch around the world in about the time required by an ordinary bikist for a spin through Hyde Park. It is, in fact, a carefully constructed edifice of the best Bessemer steel; and what the Eiffel Tower was to the last Paris Exposition the big bicycle will be to this. Unquestionably it is to be the attraction of the great exposition.

This monster will be taller than any of the tall buildings surrounding it, and it is a very complete building in itself. It has two large entrances, one at the bottom of each of its wheels, cut through the tires. Winding stairways lead from the doors up the front and back of each wheel, through the front and rear standards, to the backbone of the machine. Thence spiral steps ascend to the handle bar and saddle. The stairs are lighted throughout by numerous windows of quaint design, through which a great variety of views can be obtained as the sight-seer mounts to the top of the structure. As he is constantly turning in his ascent, the outlook changes with every step, and he enjoys a magnificent natural panorama. Particularly fine will be the prospect from the windows of the handle bar.

On the saddle is a broad platform, around which runs a strong steel rail; it is large enough for the most elaborate cotillion ever danced. Here, while the warm weather lasts, open air banquets will be held for the entertainment of eminent visitors. The backbone of the big wheel will contain a really marvelous apartment. This will be a grand saloon, scarcely as many spans in width as it is yards in length. It is intented principally for use as a banquet hall. One long table will run down the center through its entire length, at which six hundred persons may be seated comfortably.—Harper's Round Table.

A Narrow Escape.

Thankful words written by Mrs. Ada E. Hart, of Groten, S. D. "Was taken with a bad cold which settled on my lungs, cough set in and finally terminated in consumption. Four doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Savior, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption coughs and colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles. It has cured me and thank God I am saved and now a well and healthy woman." Trial bottles free at Ed Wegner's drug store. Regular size 50c. and $1.00. Guaranteed or price refunded. i

FRUIT AND FLOWERS

POPULAR CARNATIONS.

Varieties Recommended as Best by Expert Growers.

Carnations seem to be growing more popular each year. A discussion in American Gardening of the best varieties for commercial or private use includes the following from an expert grower:

We find Mrs. Frances Joost the best of the dark pink carnations; it is destined to supersede that grand variety, William Scott, which has had such a run of popularity. Daybreak, of course, is indispensable; it is a persistent bloomer and always in demand; Victor, somewhat deeper in shade than Daybreak, is also a first class variety. Of the different crimsons which we have tried nothing can yet surpass Ferdinand Mangold. G. H. Crane we consider the best scarlet; color bright, stem stiff, calyx strong and free flowering. America is good, but too dull in color. We have not yet seen a really satisfactory yellow. Gold Nugget being the best we have grown. Mrs. George N. Bradt is a magnificent striped variety, which should be in every collection; it flowers with great freedom.

White Cloud and Flora Hill are the two best whites. The first named is really a white Daybreak. It is generally preferred to Flora Hill, although it has not so large and full a flower, but a much better stem. Flora Hill, with us, comes weak stemmed in midwinter, but it is easily the best white after March. Freedom, a variety raised by Mr. Peter Fisher, the raiser of the celebrated Mrs. T. W. Lawson carnation, is our best early white; it has a large flower, not so double as the other varieties, but borne on a good stem, and it is a persistent bloomer.

Our selection of half a dozen varieties for private or commercial use would be Mrs. Frances Joost, Daybreak, Mrs. George M. Bradt, F. Mangold, G. H. Crane and either White Cloud or Flora Hill.

Another expert says: The best paying carnations for commercial use are: White, for early, Flora Hill; late, White Cloud. Red, for early, Flame; late, Crane. Pink, New York. Crimson, Maceo.

For private use I select: Red, Crane; white, White Cloud; pink, New York and Mrs. J. Dean; crimson, Maceo and Gomez; variegated, Mrs. Bradt; yellow, Gold Nugget.

Winter Budding In the South.

A method of winter budding the peach which has been practiced with success by Professor Price of the Texas station is shown in the cut. Its importance consists in the fact that it enables the operator to do this work at a season when he is not so pressed for time as during the summer. Professor Price describes his operation as follows:

"The method as used at the station here consists of cutting a slip of bark, with some wood attached, down the

WINTER BUDDING OF THE PEACH.

tree about one inch, leaving it attached at the lower end. About half this slip is then cut off, leaving the other half still attached to the tree. Cut off the bud, leaving some wood also attached to it to prevent injury, and then carefully place it between the slip and tree so that it will fit nicely and the cambium of the bud and tree come in contact. Tie tightly with some good material such as raffia. In five or six days the bud will be found to have knit firmly. Treat them as though budded in the usual way."

Professor Price has employed this process in the month of January without the loss of a single bud. It is a modification of a method practiced years ago in Europe.

Watering House Plants.

To lay down specific rules for watering would be a difficult matter, says an exchange. Too much water will rot the roots, sour the soil and stop the growth of the plant, and not enough will starve it. The general tendency is to overwater. Supply water liberally when necessary, then withhold it entirely until the soil is in condition to be watered again. The soil in the pot should not be allowed to become dry like dust, but just so it will crumble nicely in the hand. Avoid by all means the ruinous practice of watering the plants daily, whether they need it or not.

Cherry Growing In the East.

The growing of cherries is already an important phase of the fruit industry of New York and neighboring states. And cherry orchards now frequently supplement the few cherry trees often seen in dooryards, in gardens or along lanes and roadsides.

THE SHANGHAIS.

A Fowl That Was Popular In This Country From 1849 to 1865.

The 1849 exhibition on Boston Common had a small number of breeds, but a goodly number of exhibitors. It was at this exhibition that these Chinese breeds were first exhibited as Shanghais, and the name Cochin China, which up to that time had been used, was dropped. Buff and White Shanghais and the Marsh fowls (colored), so named from the importer, were being introduced into this country in 1847-8 and the early part of 1849. These were all heavily feathered on shanks and feet, and breeders were seeking to obtain more uniform color in each variety and to keep the varieties distinct. And what a scramble there was to secure the Chinese birds previously bred

WHITE SHANGHAI COCK.
[Reproduced from colored plate in "The Poultry Book," 1853.]

here, the results of the chance importations from our ships employed in the foreign trade! Those interested at once observed that the birds we had called Cochin Chinas were of a race akin to the newer importations. New England was carefully canvassed, and every fowl that matched the newcomers in color was at once absorbed with them as Shanghais.

It was in 1865 that the Shanghais appeared as Cochins, with neither prefixes nor addenda, and in the exhibition of 1866 there appeared the Hogdon trio of Buffs, to sell at auction in that exhibition for $315 up to that time an unprecedented price. This was their second rise in the fanciers' favor. Then they dropped into a subordinate position till a few years ago, when they again came to the front in Madison Square Garden, when $500 was paid for a pair and $275 for a single specimen. As Cochin Chinas, Shanghais and Cochins they have sold for higher prices than fowls of any other breeds, and as far as breeds of fowls go they have had a greater influence upon the fowl stocks of the land than any others and their influence upon poultry culture is of all agencies second in importance.—J. K. Telch in Farm Poultry.

Boyer's Sensible Signs.

We have had a number of new signs conspicuously posted on the farm, such as "Shut the Gate," "Beware of the Dog" and "Keep Out of the Yards." These orders are imperative. "Shut the Gate" sign is more particularly intended for teamsters who bring us supplies. They invariably leave the gate open or at least did before we put up the sign. A neglect of this kind always caused us trouble, principally by stray dogs getting on the premises and scaring the chickens. We cannot afford to have our stock scared.

"Beware of the Dog" is for the protection of the visitor. That sign is a warning. It means, "Stop at the house before you venture past the gate of the plant." We have been bothered considerably by strangers walking right ahead and coming into close quarters with the dog. That sign is the danger signal.

"Keep Out of the Yards" signs are for our protection. We are keeping poultry more for profit than for show. Hens are naturally shy of strangers. To look at them from the walk does not startle the birds one bit—they are used to that—but the moment a stranger walks into the runs they become afraid. A scare to a hen hurts her egg yield. Besides, we have had visitors walk in the yards to more closely look at the fowls and then come out and leave the gates open. Carelessness in that respect might mix up our pens. So this order must be enforced. We are glad to have visitors and will do all in our power to make their visits both pleasant and profitable, but our rules must be obeyed.—A Few Hens.

Fresh Eggs in Germany.

The Oregon Agriculturist says: "A plan for supplying the public with fresh eggs is being tried in Germany in the hope that it will increase the demand for a strictly fresh article. Egg depots are to be established in the principal cities, at which the quality and freshness of the eggs will be guaranteed. For every bad egg the purchaser is entitled to get 15 good ones. Every poultryman has to mark all eggs which he sends to one of these depots in such a way that they can be traced back to him, and if it is found that he furnished bad eggs as fresh ones he will not be allowed to sell to the depots."

It Pays to Fatten.

It will require about six weeks to fatten chickens for market, and if a farmer only once tries fattening the fowls sold and notes the difference in price obtained he will not again catch up whatever he can of the supply of the farm and sell without having first prepared them for the market, says Iowa Homestead. This is a very common practice on the farm and one that is fast becoming apparent as a mistake.

QUALITY
In medicine, quality is of first importance. When you are sick and the doctor gives you a prescription to be filled, take it to a druggist whom you know to be reliable. Our Drugs are strictly first quality goods. If it is drug store goods you want get them from
SHOULTS, The Druggist.
OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE

A Natural Mistake.

A few years before his death Allen G. Thurman of Ohio was engaged as counsel in a lawsuit which was tried before a country judge in one of the small towns in the central part of the state. Opposing Judge Thurman was a young lawyer named Cassidy, who wore his hair pompadour, assumed an air of great dignity and was apparently greatly impressed with his own importance. Upon several occasions during the progress of the trial Thurman referred to his legal opponent as "Mr. Necessity." The young man arose whenever this occurred and with great gravity reminded the court that his name was Cassidy. Finally, after the offense had been repeated about a dozen times, the pompous attorney exclaimed:

"I must again remind counsel upon the other side that my name is Cassidy. I can't understand why he persists in maintaining that it is Necessity."

"I beg the gentleman's pardon," said Thurman. "The reason I keep getting him confused with Necessity is, I presume, due to the fact that the latter knows no law."—Chicago Times-Herald.

A Maori Legend.

In Cassell's Little Folks there is a quaint Maori fairy tale which concludes thus: "Suddenly the father, who had been looking up into the western sky, cried out in a glad voice: 'There they are! I see them!' The mother came running out at his cry, and together they saw their two children standing hand in hand far away in the sides of the sky, the two little stars that had not been there before. 'Let us follow them,' said the mother, and together they rose into the deepening twilight and fled after their children.

"But Piri and Noko, far off in the sky, saw their parents coming and, thinking they were angry, sped away toward the western horizon. The parents followed, and when they reached the highway of Tane that god of light changed them into stars. And now, when the night is clear, you may see two little twin stars flying away toward the west and some distance behind two larger stars in vain pursuit. Thus forever they go round and round the world, Piri and Noko running away from their parents because they were so foolish as to think their mother did not love them."

The First Telescopic Comet.

"On the evening of Oct. 1, 1847, the Mitchells were entertaining a party of invited guests," writes Amelia H. Botsford of "The Mother of the Stars" in The Ladies' Home Journal. "But Maria Mitchell was not to be deterred by 'company' from following her custom of sweeping the heavens with the telescope every clear night. She slipped away and ran up to the observatory. Soon afterward she returned and told her father that she thought she had seen a comet. He hurried up to the observatory to look himself and declared that it was indeed a comet. This discovery entitled Miss Mitchell to the gold medal that had been offered some years before by the king of Denmark to the first discoverer of a telescopic comet, and it was struck off and forwarded to her."

An Unspoken Hint.

"Most insulting man I ever knew," exclaimed the man with the breezy personality. "I'm never going to have anything to do with him."

"What has he been saying to you?"

"Nothing."

"What has he been saying behind your back?"

"Nothing. Every time I start to tell him a funny story he looks up at the clock."—Washington Star.

On the Rialto.

First Actor (much elated)—Did you see what the critic of The Planet said—that such acting as mine has seldom been seen?

Second Ditto—Essentially that is what The Daygleam says, only it does not go quite so far. The Daygleam man says it was the worst he ever saw.—Boston Transcript.

Not Entitled to a Puff.

"I believe the man who was more afraid of advertising something for nothing than any newspaper man I have ever seen," said a Chicago newspaper man, "was John Knapp of the old St. Louis Republican. He hated to print a doctor's or lawyer's name for fear he would give a free puff.

"One time there was mention made in the paper of a man having died of Bright's disease of the kidneys. Old man Knapp hunted up the copy reader.

"'What do you mean,' he said, 'by running in the name Bright in our columns? He is not an advertiser in our paper and is not entitled to a notice unless he pays for it.'"—Denver Post.

Heartless Critic.

Playwright—I suppose you saw the premier performance of my comedy last night?

First Nighter—Yes; I was there.

Playwright—How did you like the climax of the first act?

First Nighter—Really, I didn't see that.

Playwright—Too bad! Got there too late, eh?

First Nighter—No; went away too soon.—Catholic Standard and Times.

DR. G. D. RICH,
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE:
Rooms 1 and 2 Clewe Building.

H. W. Gottenberg, D. D. S.
DENTIST,
Office in Clewe Building
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Robert A. Poppe,
Att'y at Law. Notary Public.
Office East side of Plaza,
SONOMA, - - - - - - CAL.

Hugh G. Maxwell
Classes in Drawing and Painting
Studio, Room 1, I. O. O. F. Block
SONOMA CAL.

GEO. BREITENBACH
Harness and Bicycle Goods
Napa St. " " " " Sonoma.

Bay City Oil Company
INCORPORATED OCT. 29, 1899.
Capital Stock $500,000. 100,000 Shares
Par Value $5. per Share.
This company owns 1920 acres of land in Kern county right in the oil belt where they expect to begin operations at once.
At present the stock of the company is being sold at $1.00 per share. This stock is a good investment at the present price and can be bought through our local representative, W. R. Stammers, for cash or on the installment plan in five payments. For further particulars apply to local agent or at our office; Room 321 Safe Deposit building, San Francisco.

Job Printing Neatly done at this office.

Sonoma Stone
AND
Marble Works
Wm. Trudgen, Prop.
All kinds of cement work, Monuments, Headstones, Copings and walls of every description. Also Lettering and Gilding. Lots filled and kept in order
All kinds of street work, cement sidewalks, curbing, cross walks, gutters etc. Work guaranteed first class. Prices consistant with good work.
Yards Near Mountain Cemetery Gates.

GERMAN BAKERY
A. SCHWEICKHARDT.
FRESH BREAD EVERY DAY.
Choice pies and cakes always on hand at reasonable prices
BROADWAY, Near Plaza SONOMA.

THE BON TON
SHAVING PARLORS
W. E. LANDGREBE, Prop.
All Work in First Class Shape.
Ladies' and Children's hair cutting a specialty.
Next door to Union Hotel.
SONOMA, - - - - - - CAL.

SONOMA VALLEY EXPOSITOR.

W R. STAMMERS,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Subscription price $1.50 per year. Single copies five cents.

Advertising rates will be furnished on application.

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communications on all matters of local interest will be received with pleasure and published at the discretion of the editor. The signature of the writer must invariably accompany such communications, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith

Address all communications

SONOMA VALLEY EXPOSITOR,
Sonoma, California.

CITY OFFICIAL PAPER.

FRIDAY, MARCH 16, 1900.

GLEN ELLEN JOTTINGS.

Seen and Heard in the Summer Resort.

The weather has been extremely pleasant the past week.

Miss Minnie Coulter visited schools in this vicinity last Tuesday.

Large neat posters announcing the meeting of the Farmers Institute at this place March 21st are being circulated.

Fred Schieck of Vallejo was up several days last week visiting relatives and friends.

The many summer resorts in this place are making extensive preparations for the many visitors expected this summer.

James Clark has been some what ill the past week with a swollen arm caused by a scratch.

The Ladies Aid Society have decided to give another social some time in the near future. A play entitled "The District School" will be rendered.

The orchards are all in bloom and the sight in passing along the roads is beautiful.

Miss Emily Kurtz one day last week sustained a fractured rib caused by a fall. We are glad to note that she has now much improved.

W. L. Douglas with a party of friends from San Francisco visited his summer residence in Graham Canon last Tuesday.

Improvements in the park will soon commence by the Railroad company for the many picnics expected this summer.

A Frightful Blunder

Will often cause a horrible burn, scald, cut or bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures old sores, fever sores, ulcers, boils, felons, corns, all skin eruptions. Best pile cure on earth. Cure guaranteed. Sold by Ed Wegner, Druggist.

The Doe and Her Fawn.

Fawns when first dropped are for some hours unable to stand. The doe does not remain beside them, but paces slowly around at a considerable distance. Every now and then she gives a little tremulous, bleating call, at sound of which the fawn lifts its head and tries to struggle to its feet. Should a man or a dog appear meantime the doe runs away in a straight line, but laggingly and halting, as though herself hurt unto death. When she thinks she has lured the enemy far enough away, she gives three great flying leaps, which take her at once out of sight, and goes back to her baby upon seven league boots. But if left undisturbed she keeps up the pacing until she sees the fawn standing, then paces daintily away in a straight line, choosing always the easiest grade. As she paces she calls faintly and every now and then halts, looking over her shoulder to see if she is followed.

His Very Own Jones.

There are many Joneses in this world, but perhaps not quite so many as people think. Not long ago two friends met who had not seen each other for ten years, since their school days.

"Whom did you marry, Billy?" asked one.

"A Miss Jones of Philadelphia," replied Billy, who was a trifle sensitive.

"You always did take to the name 'Jones.' I can remember when we went to school together you used to tag around after a little snub nosed Jones girl."

"I remember it, too," said Billy. "She's the girl I married."—Youth's Companion.

How to Cure a Cough.

If a man has a col' on the chist, get Casey's mixture f'r man an baist, put him in bed, slap a musthard plaster on him that'll keep his mind employed an lave him fight it out. May the best man win. If the patient's alive in the mornin, he'll not have stren'th to cough. —"Mr. Dooley" in Ladies' Home Journal.

Ready For Him.

Little Willie—Say, pa, was the earth created before man?

Pa—Yes, my son.

Little Willie—Why was it?

Pa—It was probably known that it would be the first thing he'd want when he arrived.—Chicago News.

OUR WEEKLY LETTER.

FROM THE UPPER END OF THE VALLEY.

Maurice Rawson makes a Plea for Fair Play.

MR. EDITOR: There is an old saying to the effect that "if you don't blow your own horn nobody will blow it for you," but when Mr. Hearst of the Examiner-Journal claims the exclusive credit for the amendments to the Hay-Pauncefort treaty which are likely to insure peace, plenty and protection to our nation, or when Mr. Granice of the Index-Tribune intimates that the people of this county can thank him alone for the speedy passenger service which they are soon to enjoy over the main line and branches of the California Northwestern Railway, which will greatly add to the prosperity and population of our valley, there appears to be a striking similarity between the boastfulness of the "monarch of the dailies" and the braggadocio of the pigmy of the weeklies. For it would seem that in the case of the former, some measure of praise should be accorded to the Senate and Congress of the United States, while in that of the latter, the president and managers of the railway company are entitled to a portion of the credit for the quick service with which we are soon to be favored.

Upon the occasion of a recent visit to Sonoma your correspondent could not fail to notice the strong and in some cases bitter feeling which is exhibited over the coming election for voting a bond for the purpose of introducing an expensive system of municipal water works. It would appear however to the unprejudiced or disinterested observer that an unfair and unjust discrimination will be made, in this contest, against the many heavy property owners of your city who from different causes will be deprived of any voice in the matter, as it is claimed that more than sixty leading tax payers will be disfranchised either on account of sex, minority or non-residence and that a great number of these, who are opposed to the proposition of bonding, will, if it is carried, seek reimbursement for the additional burden of taxation by raising the rates of rent upon their tenants, so that those who are not property holders will be indirectly required to pay their full proportion of the cost of these so called improvements.

It should also be remembered that the people of Sonoma owe a heavy debt of gratitude to that generous and public-spirited citizen, the late General M. G. Vallejo, for the many liberal donations and important improvements which he made in and about your historic town, nor should it be forgotten that among these he introduced at considerable expense a system of water works which has always proved sufficient to supply the needs of your community and it would seem almost an act of base ingratitude for the voters to take any action which would destroy the value of the only one of these many improvements which is a source of revenue to the heirs and decendants of this great and good man. It is furthermore a significant illustration of the selfishness and ingratitude of the present generation, that some of those whose parents owed their start in business and the foundation of their fortunes to the bounty and assistance of General Vallejo are the very ones who are now foremost in their efforts to depreciate the value of his estate by trying to foist upon the people, through false arguments and deceitful promises, a measure which the voters have already twice repudiated at the polls.

The posters and bills are out announcement of the coming sessions of the Farmers Institute at Glen Ellen and the different committees have nearly completed their arrangements for making this a most pleasant event, long to be remembered by all who participate. Interesting and instructive programmes have been prepared for the occasion and the present indications of fine weather and a prosperous season for the farmers of this locality, will add greatly to the inducements for a very large crowd to be in attendance

MAURICE RAWSON.

OFFICIAL

Ordinance No. 66

An Ordinance authorizing the publication of notice of a special election by the voters of the City of Sonoma, upon a proposition to incur a municipal debt aggregating Twenty Thousand Dollars, for the object and purpose of acquiring, constructing and completing a permanent system of municipal water works by the City of Sonoma, for the use of said city and its inhabitants.

WHEREAS, The Board of Trustees of the City of Sonoma did on the 21st, day of February, 1900, pass a certain Ordinance No. 65, calling a special election in and for the City of Sonoma, to be held in said city on the 7th day of April, 1900, at which election there should be submitted to the qualified voters of Sonoma City a proposition for incurri g an indebtedness by said city aggregating Twenty Thousand Dollars, for the following object and purpose to-wit: Of acquiring, constructing and completing a permanent system of municipal water works by said city for the use of said city and its inhabitants, including all necessary lands, rights of way, water rights, distributing pipes, leases, contracts for the supplying of water, structures, aqueducts, reservoirs, wells, tanks and machinery for the same, and connected with the use thereof, and

WHEREAS; The said Ordinance No. 65, was, after the approval thereof by the Executive of said city, to wit: the President of the Board of Trustees, in accordance with the order and direction of the Board of Trustees, published once a week for two successive weeks in the SONOMA VALLEY EXPOSITOR, a weekly newspaper of general circulation printed and published in said City of Sonoma, and on the following dates, to wit: February 23rd, 1900, March 2nd, 1900, and March 9th, 1900. Now, therefore,

The Board of Trustees of the City of Sonoma do hereby ordain as follows:

SECTION I.

That the following notice of said special election called by said Ordinance No. 65, as aforesaid, to be held in said City of Sonoma, on the 7th, day of April 1900, is now after the completion of the publication of said Ordinance No. 65, as aforesaid, hereby ordered and directed to be published by the City Clerk, and shall be published for two weeks prior to said day of election, in the SONOMA VALLEY EXPOSITOR, a newspaper of general circulation printed and published in said City of Sonoma as follows to wit:

NOTICE OF SPECIAL ELECTION.

To the qualified voters of the City of Sonoma.

Notice is hereby given that a special election has been by the Board of Trustees of said city, by ordinance passed by a vote of more than two-thirds of all of the members of said Board of Trustees, and approved by the President of said Board of Trustees, and published once a week for two successive weeks in a weekly newspaper of general circulation printed and published in said city, duly and regularly called, and will be held in said City of Sonoma on the

7th Day of April, 1900,

at which special election shall be submitted to the qualified voters of said City of Sonoma, the proposition of incurring an indebtedness in the sum of Twenty Thousand Dollars for the purpose of the acquisition, construction and completion by said City of Sonoma of said permanent system of water works, including all necessary lands, rights of way, water rights, distributing pipes, leases, contracts for the supplying of water, structures, aqueducts, reservoirs, wells, tanks and machinery for the same and connected with the use thereof and to do and perform all acts and things whatsoever necessary for the construction and completion of public waterworks for the said city and its inhabitants, and for the construction and completion of said waterworks, to supply said city and the inhabitants thereof with a sufficient quantity of pure, fresh water for domestic use and for the use of the Fire Department, and for flushing sewers, sprinkling streets and other purposes.

If the proposition of incurring a municipal indebtedness for the purposes above set forth be accepted by the qualified electors of said City, by a vote of two-thirds of all the voters voting at such special election, bonds of the City of Sonoma, for said municipal improvements will be issued for the cost of said improvements.

Said bonds shall be of the character known as "Serials," and shall be payable in United States Gold Coin of the present standard of weight and fineness, and in the manner following:

One-fortieth part of the whole indebtedness for the purposes aforesaid for which the qualified voters of said city shall accept the proposition to incur an indebtedness, shall be payable each and every year on a day and at a place to be specified in said bonds and to be hereafter fixed by the Board of Trustees of the City of Sonoma, until the whole amount of said indebtedness be paid. Said indebtedness, or any unpaid portion thereof, shall bear interest, at the rate of five per cent, per annum, which interest shall be paid in semi-annual installment, payable on certain days in each year, and at a place to be specified in said bonds and to be hereafter fixed by the Board of Trustees of said city.

For the said acquisition, construction and completion of said permanent public municipal improvements as set forth in Ordinance No. 65, there will be forty (40) bonds which shall be of the denomination of Five Hundred Dollars each, bearing semi-annual interest coupons for twelve and one-half dollars each. The tax levy for the payment thereof will amount each year to the sum of $25. for each and every bond not then paid as aforesaid thus making the total tax levy during the full period of forty years the sum of $40,500.

Said special election hereby called as aforesaid, shall be held on Saturday the 7th day of April, 1900, and shall be held and conducted, and the votes thereat received and canvassed, and returns thereof made and the result thereof ascertained and determined as herein provided and according to the law governing such elections in the City of Sonoma and as provided by the general election laws of this State, except where such general laws may conflict with the State law for elections of the kind hereby called or with this or any ordinance; and the polls for such election shall be and remain open from the hour of six o'clock of the morning of the said 7th day of April, 1900, to the hour of five o'clock of the afternoon of said day.

The place of voting at said special election shall be in the building known as the City Pavilion, situated in the public Plaza in said City of Sonoma; and the officers to conduct said election are respectively defined, designated, selected and appointed as follows, to-wit: Judges, Joseph B. Small and Wm. Trudgen; Inspectors, A. Bulotti and P. G. Keil; Ballot Clerks, Thomas Brown and J. D. Wagnon; Tally Clerks, Louis H. Green and R. A. McDonnell.

In case any of the officers above appointed to conduct said election do not attend at the opening of the polls on the morning of the election, the electors of the said city present at that hour may appoint or supply any competent person from among themselves to fill the place of such absent member thereof.

All persons qualified by law to vote at municipal elections in said city shall be qualified to vote at said special election.

The ballots which shall be used at said special election shall be of the same character and form as ballots required by law to be used at municipal elections in said City of Sonoma, except as hereinafter otherwise provided. Each of said ballots shall have printed thereon the following caption or heading, to-wit: "MUNICIPAL TICKET," and shall have printed thereon and under said caption the following words, to-wit: "Proposition for incurring an indebtedness by the City of Sonoma to the aggregate amount of Twenty Thousand Dollars for the acquisition, construction and completion by said city of a permanent system of water works, including all necessary lands, rights of way, water rights, distributing pipes, leases, contracts for the supplying of water, structures, aqueducts, reservoirs, wells, tanks, machinery for the same, and all other things necessary for the proper use thereof, as set forth in Ordinance No. 65 of said city." Underneath the last foregoing words upon each of said ballots shall be printed the following: "To vote for or against incurring said indebtedness stamp a cross (X) to the right of and against the answer you desire to give." Underneath which shall be printed in one line the following: "For incurring the indebtedness," to the right of which shall be printed in one square the word "Yes" with a blank square to the right thereof, and immediately below the same there shall be printed in one line the following: "For incurring the indebtedness," on the right of which there shall be printed in one square the word "No" with a blank square to the right thereof. Every voter desiring to assent to, and accept the said proposition for incurring the said indebtedness set forth herein shall in voting at said election stamp a cross (X) in the blank square at the right of the word "Yes" printed upon his ballot as aforesaid. And every voter desiring to reject the said proposition of incurring said indebtedness shall in voting at said election stamp a cross (X) in the blank square to the right of the word "No" printed upon his ballot as aforesaid, such marking or stamping shall only be done with a stamp, which with the necessary pad and ink will be provided for each booth for the purpose, by the Clerk of the City of Sonoma.

SECTION II.

The City Clerk shall provide for said election in said City not less than one hundred municipal tickets for every fifty or fraction of fifty voters registered in said City, and shall also cause to be printed on plain white paper, without water mark or endorsement, except the words "Sample Ballot" printed on the back at least as many copies of the form of ballots provided for use in said election as there shall be registered voters in said City. Such copy shall be designated "Sample Ballot" and shall be furnished to registered voters by said Clerk inclosing copies of said sample ballots seperately in envelopes, addressed to each voter at the correct postoffice address as the same appears upon the register corrected at that date as the law provides, and mailing the same as printed matter, through the United States postoffice, for delivery, to each of said voters The mailing of all of said envelopes containing said sample ballots, as aforesaid, shall commence at least ten days before the time fixed for said election, and continue so that all of said envelopes containing said sample ballots shall have been mailed at least three whole days before the day of said election. Not more than one of said sample ballots to be furnished to any one voter.

Copies so designated as sample ballots shall also be furnished to registered voters at the office of such clerk five days before the day fixed by law for such election, and at any time during said five days, provided that not more than one sample ballot shall be furnished to any one voter. Such clerk shall cause to be printed in large clear type on cards, instruction for the guidance of electors in obtaining and marking their ballots. He shall furnish one such card to every registered voter in said city at the same time and in the same manner that he mails the sample ballot as herein before provided, and he shall also mail twelve such cards to the Board of Election in such city at the same time and in the same manner as the printed ballots and sample ballots. The Board of Election shall post at least one of such cards in each booth or compartment provided for the preparation of ballots and not less than three of such cards at such places in and about the polling places on the day of election. Section 1214 and 1215 of the Political Code and Section 61 of the Penal Code shall also be printed on each of said cards.

SECTION III.

This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage, approval and publication.

Passed this 15th day of March, 1900, by the following vote:

Trustee Duhring voting Aye,
Trustee Harris voting Aye,
Trustee Hotz voting Aye,
Trustee Seipp voting Aye,
Trustee Davis absent.

Approved this 15th day of March, 1900.

FRED'K. T. DUHRING,
President Board of City Trustees.

Attest. J. H. SEIPP,
City Clerk, pro tem.
{SEAL} ROBERT A. POPPE,
City Clerk.

Notice to Non-Consenting Land Owners.

OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF THE BOARD of Supervisors, Sonoma County, California. To Mrs. Jennie S. Ross. The petition of Isaac Wright, et aly citizens, of Glen Ellen Road District, Sonoma County, California, having been presented and duly filed in the office of the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of Sonoma County, California, on the 6th day of February 1900, and on the said 6th day of February 1900, an order was duly made and entered by said Board of Supervisors appointing Newton V. V. Smyth, County Surveyor of said County, James W. Gibson and Joel M. Zane, viewers to view, survey, locate and lay out a public road over and across the lands of Mrs Jennie S. Ross in Glen Ellen Road District, Sonoma County, California, in accordance with the prayer of said petitioners.

And said road viewers having performed the duties assigned them by the said order of the Board of Supervisors, and made and filed their report on the 9th day of February, 1900, and said viewers reported said survey as follows, to wit:

Beginning at a point in the Easterly line of the County road leading from Glen Ellen to Santa Rosa, S. 23°45 E. 310 feet from the Southerly line of the Frideger road, from which point of beginning bears a three-pronged white oak twenty inches in diameter marked B. T., N. 61° E. 40 feet distant; thence N. 38°30 E. 368 feet to the Southerly side of said Frideger road. The said line being the center of said proposed road, the width of which road is 40 feet, 20 feet on each side of the center line. For a more particular description of said proposed road, reference is hereby made to the report, survey and map made by said viewers, and now on file in this office.

And in pursuance of the prayer of said petitioners and the matters aforesaid, an order was duly made by said Board of Supervisors on the 19th day of March, 1900, to notify and require all parties interested in and to any lands or premises through which said proposed road is surveyed and laid out, to appear before said Board of Supervisors, on Thursday April 5, 1900, at ten o'clock A. M., at their rooms in the City of Santa Rosa, or as soon thereafter as the same can be heard by the Board, and show cause, if any you have, why said proposed road should not be declared a public highway, and in default of such appearance or cause shown, you will be deemed to have waived all claim for damages herein, and the Board will proceed to declare said proposed road a public highway according to law in such cases made and provided.

In witness whereof I have hereunto affixed my hand and official seal this 10th day of March 1900.

(SEAL) SOMERS B. FULTON,
County Clerk and ex-officio Clerk of said Board of Supervisors.

Order to Show Cau se why Order of Sale of Real Estate Should not be Made.

IN the Superior Court of the County of Sonoma, State of California. In the matter of the estate of Wm. D. Queen, deceased.

Wm. B. Read the administrator of the estate of Wm. D. Queen, deceased, having filed his petition herein duly verified, praying for an order of sale of all the real estate of said deceased, for the purposes therein set forth. It is therefore ordered by the said Court that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased, appear before the said Superior Court on Monday the 26th day of March 1900, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the Courtroom of said Superior Court at the Court house, in the City of Santa Rosa, County of Sonoma, State of California to show cause why an order should not be granted to the said Administrator to sell so much of the real estate of the said deceased as shall be necessary. And that a copy of this order be published at least once a week for four successive weeks, in the SONOMA VALLEY EXPOSITOR, a newspaper printed and published in said Sonoma County.

S. K. DOUGHERTY,
Judge of the Superior Court.

Dated February 19th 1900
A. D. Laughlin, attorney for estate.

OEFICIAL

NOTICE OF

Special Election.

To the Qualified Voters of the City of Sonoma.

Notice is hereby given that a special election has been by the Board of Trustees of said city, by ordinance passed by a vote of more than two thirds of all of the members of said Board of Trustees, and approved by the President of said Board of Trustees, and published once a week for two successive weeks in a weekly newspaper of general circulation printed and published in said city, duly and regularly called, and will be held in said City of Sonoma on the

7th Day of April, 1900,

at which special election shall be submitted to the qualified voters of said City of Sonoma, the proposition of incurring an indebtedness in the sum of Twenty Thousand Dollars for the purpose of the acquisition, construction and completion by said City of Sonoma of said permanent system of water works, including all necessary lands, rights of way, water rights, distributing pipes, leases, contracts for the supplying of water, structures, aqueducts, reservoirs, wells, tanks and machinery for the same and connected with the use thereof and to do and perform all acts and things whatsoever necessary for the construction and completion of public water works for the said city and its inhabitants, and for the construction and completion of said water works, to supply said city and the inhabitants thereof with a sufficient quantity of pure, fresh water for domestic use and for the use of the Fire Department, and for flushing sewers, sprinkling streets and other purposes.

If the proposition of incurring a municipal indebtedness for the purposes above set forth be accepted by the qualified electors of said City, by a vote of two-thirds of all the voters voting at such special election, bonds of the City of Sonoma, for said municipal improvements will be issued for the cost of said improvements.

Said bonds shall be of the character known as "Serials," and shall be payable in United States Gold Coin of the present standard of weight and fineness, and in the manner following:

One-fortieth part of the whole indebtedness for the purpose aforesaid for which the qualified voters of said city shall accept the proposition to incur an indebtedness, shall be payable each and every year on a day and at a place to be specified in said bonds and to be hereafter fixed by the Board of Trustees of the City of Sonoma, until the whole amount of said indebtedness be paid. Said indebtedness or any unpaid portion thereof, shall bear interest, at the rate of five per cent, per annum, which interest shall be paid in semi-annual installment, payable on certain days in each year, and at a place to be specified in said bonds and to be hereafter fixed by the Board of Trustees of said city.

For the said acquisition, construction and completion by said city of a permanent system of water works, including all necessary lands, rights of way, water rights, distributing pipes, leases, contracts for the supplying of water, structures, aqueducts, reservoirs, wells, tanks, machinery for the same, and all other things necessary for the proper use thereof, as set forth in Ordinance No. 65 of said city." Underneath the last foregoing words upon each of said ballots shall be printed the following: "To vote for or against incurring said indebtedness stamp a cross (X) to the right of and against the answer you desire to give." Underneath which shall be printed in one line the following: "For incurring the indebtedness," to the right of which shall be printed in one square the word "Yes" with a blank square to the right thereof, and immediately below the same there shall be printed in one line the following: "For incurring the indebtedness," on the right of which there shall be printed in one square the word "No" with a blank square to the right thereof. Every voter desiring to assent to, and accept the said proposition for incurring the said indebtedness set forth herein shall in voting at said election stamp a cross (X) in the blank square to the right of the word "Yes" printed upon his ballot as aforesaid. And every voter desiring to reject the said proposition of incurring said indebtedness shall in voting at said election stamp a cross (X) in the blank square to the right of the word "No" printed upon his ballot as aforesaid, such marking or stamping shall only be done with a stamp, which with the necessary pad and ink will be provided for each booth for the purpose, by the Clerk of the City of Sonoma.

By order of the Board of Trustees,
ROBERT A. POPPE,
City Clerk.

Sonoma, March 15, 1900.

Notice to Contractors.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Trustees of the City of Sonoma, from bona fide residents of said city and citizens of the United States of America, up to 8 o'clock, p. m., of

Wednesday, March 21st, 1900,

to furnish all material and build a wooden bridge, with stone piers, over the open ditch or creek on France street, between Broadway and Second East street; also to grade and fill in the approaches to said bridge, the contractor to furnish all material; all agreeably to the plans and specifications for said work on file with the City Clerk.

The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids as the public good may require.

By order of the Board of Trustees,
ROBERT A. POPPE,
City Clerk.

Sonoma, March 7th, 1900.

Emperor Fuschia

SEWING NEATLY DONE
Stamping.
Millinery
Hats from 50c up.
THOMPSON BUILDING, SONOMA.

1900
Spring Opening
Novelties in Millinery and Dry Goods
Saturday March 17th
and following days
G H Hotz

A. W. WEAVER,
General
Blacksmith and Woodworker
PLOW SHEAR GRINDING
AND HORSESHOEING A SPECIALTY.
Agent for **Peerless Plows.**
Shop West Side of Plaza, Sonoma

The UNION
Livery and Feed Stable
GRANVILLE HARRIS, Proprietor.
We can Give you as fine turnouts as any in the Valley
And at Very Reasonable Rates.
Stage Office of the Southern Pacific Railway

The
Old Reliabel Drug Store
Prescriptions Carefully Compounded
ED. WEGNER, Chemist and Apothecary.
DEALER IN
Drugs, Medicines, AND General Merchandise.
S. W. CORNER PLAZA SONOMA, CAL.

Winter Goods!
Blankets
Shoes and
Rubber Goods at
SONOMA SHOE STORE
Chas. Dal Poggetto, Prop.
NAPA ST. SONOMA, CAL

GEORGE BAUER GUITARS
and MANDOLINS
Unsurpassed as musical Instruments—Improve with Age and Use.
S. S. Stewart Banjos
Have a world-wide renown as the finest product.
Sold at Factory Prices in San Francisco
SHERMAN, CLAY & CO.,
Agents for Steinway Pianos, Estey Organs Etc., San Francisco.
ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE FREE.

California Northwestern Railway Company

LESSEE OF

SAN FRANCISCO & NORTH PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Official Time Table.

Leaves Sonoma		From Oct. 15, '99	Arrive Sonoma	
W'k days	Sundays	Destination	Sundays	W'k days
6.18 a. m.	6.40 a. m.	S. F., S. Rafael	10.25 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
2.45 p. m.	3.37 p. m.	intermediates	7.15 p. m.	7.20 p. m.
10.30 a. m.	10.25 a. m.	Glen Ellen	6.40 a. m.	6.18 a. m.
7.20 p. m.	7.15 p. m.	intermediates	3.37 p. m.	2.45 p. m.
6.18 a. m.	6.40 a. m.	Petalu. S. Rosa	10.25 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
2.45 p. m.	3.37 p. m.	intermediates	7.15 p. m.	7.20 p. m.
6.18 a. m.	6.40 a. m.	C'v'le H'ldsb'rg		10.30 a. m.
2.45 p. m.		intermediates.	7.15 p. m.	7.20 p. m.
6.18 a. m.	6.40 a. m.	Ukiah and intermediates	7.15 p. m.	7.20 p. m.
6.18 a. m.	6.40 a. m.	Sebastapol and	10.25 a. m.	10.30 a. m.
2.45 p. m.	3.37 p. m.	intermediates	7.15 p. m.	7.20 p. m.
6.18 a. m.	6.40 a. m.	Guerneville and		10.30 a. m.
2.45 p. m.		intermediates.	7.15 p. m.	7.20 p. m.

H. C. Whiting, GENERAL MANAGER

R. X. Ryan, GEN. PASS. AGENT.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

LATE HAPPENINGS IN OUR COMMUNITY.

Viewings of the Valley Taken at Random.

Chris Wise spent Wednesday visiting relatives in Sonoma.

Will Perkins was up and spent last Saturday with his parents here.

Benj. Garrett of Tubbs Island was transacting business in Sonoma Wednesday.

G. H. Hotz and B. P. Norris were Sonoma visitors to San Francisco Monday.

C. Aguillon and daughter Miss Bertha spent Monday with friends in San Francisco.

Thos. Cheney of Bakersfield, nephew of J. M. Cheney, was visiting in Sonoma Thursday.

Geo. Breitenbach was looking up a new nozzel for the Sonoma Fire company in Oakland Monday.

Ben. Pohley and family of Tiburon were the guests at Benj. Cooks home the fore part of the week.

J. W. Gibson returned to Glen Ellen Monday evening after transacting business in the metropolis.

The only business transacted at the city Trustees meeting last night was the passing of Ordinance No. 65.

E. T. Allen came up from San Francisco Tuesday evening and will spend a few days at his place above town.

Fred Bulotti was up from the metropolis Sunday and spent the day with his parents at their home on Napa street.

Mrs. L. Carriager came up from San Francisco Tuesday evening and will spend a brief sojourn with friends here.

Will Steuben, wife and children took the Sunday afternoon train for San Francisco where he spent Monday attending to business.

Owing to the late arrival of a large amount of legal advertising we are unable to give our readers as newsy a paper this week as usual.

Mrs. Henry Ahern and children returned to their home in San Francisco Monday after a two weeks visit at L. H. Green's residence.

Thos. Monahan was up from the metropolis the first of the week attending to matters connected with his property on First street West.

The plasterers have finished putting the cement coating on the south side of the High school building and are now engaged repairing the front.

Saturday the Board of Supervisors canciled the indigent list and ordered that new applications should be made out on blanks specially prepared for that purpose.

Small & Stockwell have been engaged to build the display windows and ice house for the Weems Cash Store and expect to begin the work by the first of next week.

H. Weyl returned from his Healdsburg ranch yesterday where he went to take three horses which had got away from the ranch and came to Sonoma last Sunday.

The Right Rev. Bishop W. H. Moreland of this diocese of the Episcopal church will be here next Sunday and hold services in the Methodist church at 3 o'clock. An invitation is extended to all to participate in this service.

Conundrum Supper on the restaurant plan and social entertainment will be given at Congregational church on Friday evening March 23rd. An abundant supply of good things to eat, and the jolliest time of the season promised.

The carpenters have nearly completed the work of fitting up the room adjoining the Weems store for the Weyl Bros. butcher shop. When painted the new place will present a neat and attractive appearance and will be much appreciated by their customers in that portion of town.

Death of David Callaway.

David Callaway, an old resident of Sonoma Valley, died last Saturday at Wood Island, Sacramento county; his remains were sent here on Sunday and the funeral took place on Monday, under the auspices of Temple lodge, No. 14, F. & A. M., of which order he was a member.

Mr. Callaway came to California with the Argonauts and for some years after his arrival engaged in hunting and fishing on San Francisco bay, with considerable success. In the fifties he located in Sonoma, and purchased the Fischer place on Broadway, where he engaged in general farming. He sold this place some fifteen years ago, and since that time has been engaged in various pursuits, finally as a watchman for a firm running steamers on the Sacramento river.

Mr. Callaway's wife was a sister of the late John Tivnen; she, and an only son, died many years ago. He was also related to the child and step-children of Mr. Tivnen, Mr. Tivnen's deceased wife being his neice. The only other relative residing in this State is a brother, Silas M. Callaway, who lives at Courtland, near Sacramento.

Mr. Callaway was a native of Mobile, Alabama, and was aged seventy-four years and ten months.

A Quiet Wedding.

A quiet wedding was solomnized at the home of Mrs. Chas. McHarvey Wednesday March 14th, when her daughter Sadie, was given in marriage to Mr. L. C. Cordill of Indiana. Only the immediate relatives and a few intimate friends were present. Rev. Chas. D. Milliken officiated.

The EXPOSITOR joins in extending congratulations to the happy couple and wish them a long and happy voyage on the matrimonial sea.

The best wheel for 1900 is the "Snell." Sold by Sonoma Racket.

Gold edged glass ware given as prizes with baking powder at Weems.

D. Christy of San Francisco spent several days in our midst this week.

John Gaffney spent a two days sojourn in our midst at the close of last week.

Mrs. M. Cutter came up Sunday morning on a visit to her sister Mrs. Emparan.

Four packages of mush for 25 cents. Green or ripe olives only 25 cents per quart at Weems Cash Store.

The Racket company in Sonoma, if you call upon them, will convince you that they can save you money.

Ten barrels of fine salmon bellies just received and are now being sold at 5 for 25 cents at Weems Cash Store.

Jobbing of all kinds in the plumbing and tinware lines. Terra cotta, sewer and stove pipes at Dunbars store on Broadway.

The clearance sale goes ahead at the Sonoma Racket. Many of our citizens are availing themselves of the liberal discounts offered.

The Misses Emperor & Fuschia returned from San Francisco Tuesday evening where they had been to purchase their spring stock of millinery.

Job printing at this office.

It has been reported to me that my six inch artesian well was not for sale but this is not true It is for sale and cheaper than any other well in Sonoma.

A. CAMINETTI.

Preaching services in the Methodist church Sunday morning at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Morning subject; "Christian Testimony Essential to Salvation." Evening subject; "The Great Physician Consultation Free and a Cure Certain." Epworth League 6:30 p. m.

HENRY PEARCE, Pastor.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

A New Grange Organized at El Verano

EDITOR EXPOSITOR: The writer believes that the following may be of interest to you and to some of your readers:

On the night of March 12th, "El Verano Grange" was duly organized with a charter membership of twenty-four. Though a few of our residents had considered the practicability of establishing a Grange in our town, yet no decisive steps were taken until Monday the 12th inst. when Organizer Winans of Petaluma appeared and the work began.

It became immediately apparent that the good people of El Verano and its vicinity stood united and anxious for social improvement and firm for the advantages pertaining and peculiar to "Husbandry." Before 8 o'clock p. m., twenty-four men and women had met, signed the rolls and paid the initiation fee.

The Grange was then duly organized and the following officers elected: Master, T. Skillman; Overseer, D. W. Corbin; Lecturer, F. A. Riser; Steward, A. D. Graham; Ass't. Steward, W. N. McGill; Chaplain, Edwin Faithful; Treasurer, Frank Weaver; Secretary, Mrs. T. Skillman; Gate Keeper, A. C. Chance; Pomona, Mrs. P. Olsen; Flora, Mrs. F. Riser; Ceres, Mrs. Anna Graham; L. A. Steward, Mrs. F. Weaver; Trustees, 1st year, J. Baines; 2nd year, J. N. Dowdall; 3rd year, A. W. Weaver.

Owing to the scarcity of time the proposed organization was unknown to many who will however no doubt enter the Grange later.

Not often has it been the writer's pleasure to witness such unanimity of purpose, such unbounded good will and enthusiam as prevailed at this organization. It speaks volumes for El Verano's good people and augurs favorably for the prosperous growth and maintainance of the Grange.

GRANGER.

El Verano. March 14th, 1900.

Passed Away in San Francisco

J. R., Ed. and Nick. Dowdall and Mrs. Murray were called to the city the first of the week through the death of their aunt Mrs. Richard Dowdall whose death occured in San Francisco Sunday. At the time of her death she was 75 years of age.

The deceased will be remembered by many of the old timers as the family at one time resided in Petaluma and have spent several summers in this valley. Mr. and Mrs. Dowdall enjoyed the distinction of having spent over 58 years of married life together.

Spain's Greatest Need.

Mr. R. P. Oliva, of Barcelona, Spain, spends his winters at Aiken, S. C. Weak nerves had caused severe pains in the back of his head. On using Electric Bitters, America's greatest blood and nerve remedy, all pain soon left him. He says this grand medicine is what his country needs. All America knows that it cures liver and kidney trouble, purifies the blood, tones up the stomach, strengthens the nerves, puts vim, vigor and new life into every muscle, nerve and organ of the body. If weak, tired or ailing you need it. Every bottle guaranteed, only 50 cents. Sold by Ed Wegner, Druggist.

Daily Call and Expositor, $7 per year; Weekly Call and Expositor, $2.25 per year; Sunday Call and Expositor, $2.50 per year.

Job Printing at this office.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

JAS. H. ALBERTSON

Hereby announces himself as a candidate for the office of CITY MARSHALL.

A. PINELLI
Dealer in
GROCERIES AND WOOD.
A Choice line of
Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
NORTH EAST COR. PLAZA, SONOMA

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

SHELLVILLE PENNINGS.

Late Happenings in our Little Burg

Mrs. Abergast of San Francisco visited her sister Mrs. F. Helberg from Thursday till Saturday.

Malcom Elliott of the transport service came up from San Francisco Saturday evening for a visit at Locust Grove. He has just arrived from Manila and was kept at quarantine for several days.

Rev. Henry Pearce visited in Shellville Saturday.

M. P. Akers is busy these days taking assessments and collecting the taxes required by law.

Mr. Goodman, Miss Mattie Goodman and Mrs. Cassabohm visited Sonoma Saturday.

Roadmaster Campbell has been engaged several days in repairing the roads below here, washed away by the last high water.

Mr. Lowell has been shipping a large consignment of dried fruit to the city this week by the schooner Four Sisters.

John Stetson and Capt. Morris of San Francisco spent Sunday at Shellville visiting friends.

Mr. Humphrey and Misses Alice and Maggie Humphrey and Mrs. Armstrong visited Shellville friends Saturday afternoon.

Misses M. Burke and Dora Howe spent Saturday and Sunday in the metropolis.

Dick Watt is very much improved and is able to be around again.

Joe Kiser has been troubled with a severe cold but is well again.

Miss Josephine Kiser returned Monday evening after several days visit in San Francisco.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Dillon of Petaluma drove over Wednesday and are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Goodman.

John Lawler is spending the week in San Francisco.

We are now offering 8, 7, 6, 5, 4 or 3 pounds of coffee for $1.00. This is good value for the price and as we import our teas and coffees direct we are able to make these close figures at Weems.

The magic lantern entertainment given at the M. E. church Tuesday evening was not very largely attended. Since the introduction of the Animatiscope the old style magic lantern does not draw very large crowds, though some of the pictures shown the other evening were very good.

That Throbbing Headache

Would promptly leave you if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for sick and nervous headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by Ed Wegner, Druggist.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

OFFICIAL

City Printing

The Board of Trustees of Sonoma City, State of California, will receive sealed bids for doing the city printing and advertising for one year, from April 6th, 1900, thence ensuing, up to the hour of 8 o'clock, p. m., on April 4th, 1900, for the following work:

Legal notices and advertisements, per square of 234 ems, nonpareil or minion.
Instructions to voters, per 25.
Election tickets, in three books, bound, perforated, stubbed and numbered, per 300.
Sample election ballots, per 150.
Nomination of candidates, per 150.
Poll Tax receipts, bound, perforated and stubbed, per 100.
City Warrants, bound, perforated and stubbed, per 100.
Tax Collector's receipts, bound, perforated and stubbed, per 100.
Blanks for bills, printed on both sides, per 100.
License blanks, bound, perforated and stubbed, per 100.
Assessment planks, printed on both sides, per 100.
Letter heads, plain, per 100.
Letter heads, printed, per 100.
Envelopes, plain, per 100.
Envelopes, printed, per 100.

Bids are to be made on each item separately, and the lowest bidder on each item to be given the contract for that particular item.

All job work to be done in the best manner possible and on good paper. Newspaper to be wholly printed and published in Sonoma City. All work to be done to the satisfaction of the Board of Trustees.

The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

ROBERT A. POPPE,
City Clerk.

THE NEW **DANIA**
Drop Head Sewing Machine
Made Expressly for us by the well known White Sewing Machine Company.

WITHOUT reference to any particular feature, but only upon the broard claim of general superiority as a family sewing machine, adapted to all people and all classes of work, we place the DANIA before a critical public with entire confidence that it will meet every requirement of the most exacting purchaser. A machine as near perfect as the ingenuity of man can suggest; built of choice meterial, by most experienced mechanics, every wearing part case hardened, thus insuring long service in practical use; simple in construction, easy to operate, rapid in motion, with double feed, self-threading cylinder shuttle, automatic bobbin winder and fully warranted. Equal to any $40 to $60 machine in the market.

This Fine machine we offer at the cut price of **$25.00** As this price may not last very long, take advantage of our liberal offer ond order at once.

P. O. Box 307.

CUT RATE BAZAR, L C ENEWOLD, Prop
Sole Agent.
943 Main Street, PETALUMA, CAL.

CALIFORNIA NORTHWESTERN R'Y.

(Lessee San Francisco and North Pacific Railway)

THE PICTURESQUE ROUTE OF CALIFORNIA

OFFICE OF

General Passenger and Freight Agent,

Mutual Life Building, cor. California and Sansome streets, San Francisco, Cal.

To the People of Marin, Sonoma, Lake and Mendicino Counties:

It is surprising the number of people we meet in cities who would like to go to the country every year if they could only locate themselves agreeably. They do not care for a regular resort where it is dress, dress. The large majority have neither relatives nor personal friends in the country, and even if they did, feel that a visit of the whole family would be rather an imposition. These people are continually wishing to visit some farm, some little home in the country, where they can be at ease, free from fashion's restraints, enjoy a good country meals, roam at will and sleep in a nice, clean bed. During the last few years quite a number were guests at our farms and town homes in Marin, Sonoma, Lake and Mendocino Counties, and we may add, that in general, the financial results to our people were most gratifying.

As far as can be judged, the demand this year for such accommodations will be greater than in the past, and we would respectfully ask ALL THOSE WHO DESIRE TO RECEIVE SUMMER BOARDERS to advise us, so we can put their names on our list. Even if a party can accommodate but two three or four persons, let us know, as some like to be where there are no other boarders.

We have prepared a blank to be filled up, calling for the information necessary in our advertising. This can be procured from our Agents or from us direct. Please send in early, as our advertising matter must necessarily be ready by April 1st.

R. X. RYAN,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.

San Francisco, March 1, 1900.

WASHBURN

Cremona Tone — MANDOLINS GUITARS BANJOES AND ZITHERS — Best in the World

You can learn to play on the Washburn in just one-half the time it takes on any other make. The scale is absolutely perfect. This you find in no others. Send for Catalogue

KOHLER & CHASE, San Francisco, Cal.

Send for our fine catalogue of rare old violins. No charge.

WILL STEUBEN
PRACTICAL
Watchmaker and Jeweler.
Watches, jewelry and clocks repaired and guaranteed to give satisfaction.
A well selected stock of up-to-date Jewelery on hand which we are offering very low.

We have accomplished something by returning to Sonoma. Note how people are painting and fixing their stores up and with

The Sherwin-Williams Paint

too. If you try us we are sure that you will be satisfied but you can't tell if you never do. We are doing fine and hope you will keep us to continue to, we keep other things besides groceries and paint come in and see what we have.

PERKINS & BATES.

WEYL BROS.

Sonoma Meat Market
Buy only the best
And Supply Their Customers at Reasonable Prices.
Fresh Fish Every Thursday, and
The Best of Dairy Butter Always on Hand.
VALLEJO STREET, - - - - - - SONOMA

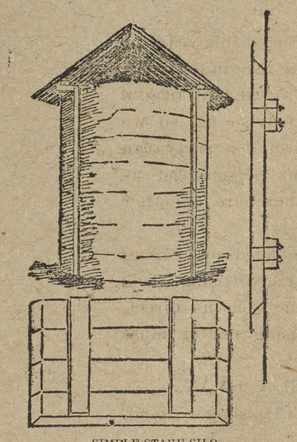
Mrs. J A Poppe
DEALER IN
General Merchandise
Hardware, Grain, Flour, Feed and Agricultural Implements.
Agent for the handiest sickle grinder made.
Highest Market Price Paid for Farm Produce
1900. Established 1864.
EAST SIDE OF PLAZA, - - - - - SONOMA, CAL.

BUILDING A SILO.

ONE OF MANY SIMPLE AND INEXPENSIVE STRUCTURES MADE OF STAVES.

Probably the cheapest silo to construct as well as the one having the smallest percentage of loss of contents is the stave silo. It is the one of all others best suited to the needs of the small farmer and dairyman and is as durable as it is cheap and easy of construction. In making a silo it is a good plan to build a little larger than is actually needed at the time, in order to provide for increase of stock or increased use of ensilage. The first step in the construction of a stave silo is the foundation. Excavate to the depth of three or four inches and to the diameter of two feet greater than that of the proposed silo. Fill in the excavation with large stones, using smaller ones to fill in between the spaces. Pound these stones down firm so that there will be no after settling. Make a thin mortar of a good quality of cement, one part cement and four parts of sharp sand, and pour it over the stones and into the cracks between them. After this is set put on another coat, working it down level with a trowel, and finish off after this coat is dry with a dust of clear cement placed thinly and smoothed over.

For staves use hemlock or white pine, sound and free from loose knots. If the silo is to be 12 feet or less in diameter, make the staves of 2 by 6 material, slightly beveled on the edges in order to form the needed circle. If



SIMPLE STAVE SILO.

the diameter is to be more than 12 feet, have the staves of 2 by 6 material left plain, so that when set and drawn together the point of contact on the inner edge will become tighter as the hoops are drawn closer. Set up four posts vertically, of 6 by 6 stuff, equal distances apart on the circle, staying them in place. Build a working scaffold about the outside of these posts. Set up the first stave, plumb it and toe nail at the top to one of the four posts. As each stave is set toe nail it at the top to the one next to it already set, and for a silo 12 feet in diameter have a lot of sugar barrel staves to nail horizontally to the silo staves on the inside, to preserve the proper curve. Nail two of these staves a foot apart on a line, with a third above and over the space between the two, having a row near the top and bottom put on in this way.

The hoops used are five-eighths inch round iron, or they may be of woven wire such as is used for fencing. The bottom hoop should be about six inches from the base of the silo, the second two feet above the first, the third two feet and a half above the second, and so on, increasing the distance a half foot each time until the two hoops nearest the top are four feet apart. Draw the hoops tight enough to prevent anything getting between the staves and only tighten up after the silo is filled.

Dairy Instruction.

Professor W. A. Henry, dean of the Wisconsin Agricultural college, advocates the teaching of agriculture, and especially dairy subjects, in the rural schools. He wanted the state normals to fit teachers to teach children the meaning of such terms as "protein" and "carbohydrates." He points to the result of such education in Denmark, where agricultural products are $24 per capita, while in Illinois they are but $8. He charges that Belvidere was the place where filled cheese originated, the direct result of the manufacture of which has reduced the export of American cheese from $15,000,000 to $9,000,000 and increased the Canadian output 400 per cent.

Confining Business.

About the first thing at dairy conventions is complaint of the confinement incident to business of dairying. Granted that it is confining, what business in this workaday world of ours is not? Is railroading exempt? Is newspaper work immune? How about being a physician and called up at all hours of the day or night? Is being a millionaire an exception? Why, the millionaire dry goods king, Stewart of New York, was a real prisoner in his own establishment. If you wanted to see him in his office, you were called upon to state your business. You might pass the first sentry, but not the second.

Butterine In the Orient.

E. R. Kimball, a prominent Kansas City creamery man, after an extensive trip through Japan and China, states that there is not a creamery or dairy in China and but two small ones in Japan. He says that the best hotels in Shanghai, a city of 500,000 inhabitants, use a poor quality of butterine made in Germany.

UNIFORM QUALITY.

One of the Essentials In Selling Dairy Products.

The dairyman who cannot turn out uniform goods has not yet reached the point where he can call his business successful, writes George E. Newell in The American Cultivator.

A dealer or consumer is not looking for the product of a dairy that is spotted in quality—that is, good one day and mediocre the next.

One of the greatest triumphs in butter making is to produce an article of a high grade and have it so without any variation of quality from day to day.

To do this does not mean mere detail work in the dairy room, but it embraces the whole extensive field of dairying, which the amateur butter maker in search of improved methods soon discovers, greatly to his ultimate advantage.

When he finally succeeds in turning out even grade, gilt edged butter, he will probably have found that his whole business has been revolutionized and placed on a paying basis.

So, I say, that for one who has never tried it it is no light matter to use the watchword "uniformity" on the dairy farm. And yet to do so and to carry it to a successful end mean prosperity and a permanent butter market.

Is dairying worth being followed if one cannot have such a result?

First, cows must be absolutely healthy and kept in a vigorous physical condition.

Warm, sanative stables must be maintained.

The feeding and milking must be done at strictly regular intervals.

Foreign flavors in the milk will be destructive to butter quality afterward.

Milk must be removed to the dairy room as soon as drawn from the cows.

Any extremes of temperatures in the milk or cream, either freezing or heating, are injurious to the butter made from it.

Milk should be strained into the receptacles prepared for it as soon as it reaches the dairy room.

If setting is practiced, the cream should be lifted from it within 36 hours, and 24 hours are better.

If a "baby" separator is used, the milk ought to be run through it as soon as convenient after leaving the udder and the cream be afterward properly matured.

Temperature must be controlled in the dairy room, so that the best degree of heat or cold for the various stages of butter making can be readily obtained.

Having once inaugurated a system of good butter making with a high standard of quality established, the object must then be to make everything so subservient to that system that no difference in color, flavor or texture in the product is discernible from day to day.

Testing a Herd.

In the bulletin of the United States department of agriculture on "The Dairy Herd," Major Alvord relates the following:

"A dairyman of wide reputation, president of a state association for years, concluded to adopt the daily milk record rather because of those who advocated it than of any conviction of needing it himself. His herd was of his own breeding; he had handled every cow from its birth, and he and his sons did the milking.

"Before beginning the record he made note of the joint opinion of himself and sons, as to the half dozen best cows in the herd, and an estimate of their season's milk yield. When the year's record was completed, it was found that in order of actual merit, the cows stood as follows: The best cow was the fifth in the estimate; the second, a cow not on his list; the third was the fourth on the list; the fourth was the first; the fifth was his sixth; the sixth, a cow not in his estimate, and his second and third in previous estimate were way down on the list. These facts were borne out by subsequent records, and the man who had called himself a good dairyman was forced to the conclusion that one-fourth of his cows were being kept at an actual loss, while others barely paid their way."

Treat Cows Well.

It is extremely difficult to get a great many men to see that the reason why they are not financially successful with cows is because they treat them in so heartless a manner, says Hoard's Dairyman. They tie them up in rigid stanchions and force them to bare their young in such cruel confinement; they compel them to lie in their own filth until their sides are plastered with it; they shut them up in dark, damp underground stables, forcing them to breathe air reeking with poisoned fumes; they half starve them in winter's cold and midsummer droughts; they dog them and abuse them with blows and curses. All these things are of common practice, and then such men wonder that this wonderful mother denies to them a profit from her motherhood.

Winter Dairying.

The use of the separator is doing much toward making winter dairying profitable, says The American Cultivator. If it is properly managed, all the butter can be taken from the milk, or so near it as to amount to a loss of about one pound in a thousand, while the old system of setting the milk in a room where it might freeze often caused a loss of two or three pounds in a hundred, and sometimes the butter refused to come at all or was worth but little when it did come. With separator and all the other improved appliances in the dairy room, a knowledge of what is a good food and all the other dairy information which has been disseminated in the past 20 years it would seem as if the dairymen should have an easy and profitable business, much better than we had 20 years ago.

JOB PRINTING

OF ALL KINDS

Neatly and Promptly Executed

AT THE

EXPOSITOR OFFICE.

THE SONOMA VALLEY OFFERS RARE INDUCEMENTS TO ALL HOME-SEEKERS

Geographical and Geological

Sonoma Valley extends from within a few miles of Santa Rosa on the north to San Pablo Bay on the south, a distance of thirty miles. It is nowhere more than eight miles wide, the average width being five miles. It embraces portions of Petaluma and Huichica Ranchos, and the Agua Caliente and the Los Guilicos Ranchos, the Pueblo, So-Snoma. The valley is separated from Petaluma valley on the west and Napa valley on the east by low ranges of volcanic mountains.

Industries.

The principal industries of the valley are fruit growing, wine making and dairy farming. Here also may be found the most extensive basalt quarries on the Pacific Coast. The wine of Sonoma is famous all over the United States. It commands the highest price, and is more eagerly sought than any other wine produced in California. All Fruits and Grapes are grown

Entirely Without Irrigation.

As a consequence, the Wines and Fruits of Sonoma excel all others for flavor color and bouquet.

Climate and Scenery

The climate of Sonoma valley is unsurpassed. The fogs which prevail in other portions of the State are here conspicuous for their absence, being shut out by the range of mountains on the west. The intense heat of Summer prevailing on the great plains of Caliiornia, is here tempered by the gentle breezes from the Pacific. The proximity of the ocean also tends to equalize the temperature in Winter, rendering the climate of Sonoma Valleymild, gentle and agreeable. Along the banks of Sonoma Creek may be found some of the prettiest scenery in the state of California. Extensive picnic grounds may be laid out in numberless places along this stream. Sonoma mountain and Bennett peak on the west side of the valley are conspicuous objects to the traveler. Good roads radiating from Sonoma and Glen Ellen to all points of the compass, afford excellent drives and promenades.

Good schools under the management of able and experienced teachers are to be found in Sonoma Valley, affording the best of instruction to the youth of the country.

Historical.

SONOMA is an Indian word and means "Valley of the Moon," and was the name originally given to the beautiful valley from which the County was afterwards named. The tribe of Indians inhabiting the valley were called Cochuyens. On the arrival of the first expedition to establish a mission, the name Sonoa was given to the Chie by Jose Altimira, the priest in charge, and after the Chief, the tribe and the valley they inhabited took the name Sonoma.

To those wishing further information concerning our Town, Valley or Industries may have the same by addressing the SONOMA VALLEY EXPOSITOR.

LODGE NOTICES

F & A M

TEMPLE LODGE No. 14 meets in the Masonic Hall on the Tuesday evening on or preceeding the full moon of each month.

I O O F

SONOMA LODGE, No. 28 meets at Odd Fellows' Hall every Saturday evening at 7:30 p. m

REBEKAH DEGREE LODGE, No. 99 meets in Odd Fellows hall on the second and fourth Thursday evenings of each month.

O E S

VALLEY OF THE MOON CHAPTER, No. 85, meets in the Masonic hall on the Thursday evening on or preceeding the full moon of each month.

A O U W

PUEBLO LODGE No. 168 meets every 1st and 4th Tuesday evenings of each month at Odd Fellows hall.

O C F

SONOMA VINEYARD COUNCIL, No. 162 meets the first and third Friday of each month in Odd Fellows' hall

N S G W

SONOMA PARLOR No. 111 meets on the first Monday Evening of each month at Odd Fellows' hall.

Y M I

No 45 meets the first Wednesday evenings in each month in Odd Fellows' hall.

U A O D

SONOMA GROVE No. 75 meets on the first and third Friday in each month at Odd Fellows hall

CHURCH NOTICES

Congregational Church

Rev. Chas. D Milliken, Pastor. Services: Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School at 10 a. m.; Chas. Potter, Supt. Y. P. S. C. E. service at 6:30 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesdays at 7:30 p. m. Junior Endeavor Society meeting, Friday at 3:15 p. m. Ladies' Aid Society meeting, 2nd Thursday in each month. Missionary Society meets 2nd Tuesday in each month.

Methodist Episcopal Church

Rev. Henry Pearce, Pastor. Preaching every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School at 10 a. m. Prayer meeting on Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. Young People's Society of Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. on Sunday.

Catholic Church.

Rev. W. P. Quill Rector. Mass: Sundays, 8:30 a. m. and 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at 9:45. Week days 7:30 a. m.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

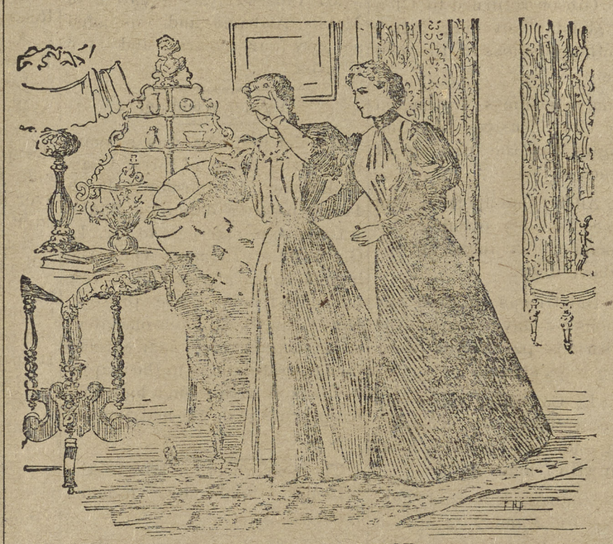
Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive *special notice*, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.



SHE WAS BLIND.

A blindness comes to me now and then. I have it now. It is queer—I can see your eyes but not your nose. I can't read because some of the letters are blurred; dark spots cover them; it is very uncomfortable.

I know all about it; it's DYSPEPSIA. Take one of these; it will cure you in ten minutes.

What is it?

A Ripans Tabule.

WANTED.—A case of bad health that R-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. They banish pain and prolong life. One gives relief. Note the word R-I-P-A-N-S on the package and accept no substitute. R-I-P-A-N-S, 10 for 5 cents or twelve packets for 48 cents, may be had at any drug store. Ten samples and one thousand testimonials will be mailed to any address for 5 cents, forwarded to the Ripans Chemical Co., No 10 Spruce St., New York.

Iroquois Bicycles $16.75

400 of the famous Iroquois Model 3 Bicycles will be sold at $16.75 each, just one-third their real value.

IROQUOIS CYCLE WORKS FAILED because their wheels were too expensively built, and we have bought the entire plant at a forced sale at 20 cents on the dollar. With it we got 400 Model 3 Iroquois Bicycles, finished and complete. **Made to sell at $60.** To advertise our business we have concluded to sell these 400 at just what they stand us, and make the marvelous offer of a Model 3 **IROQUOIS BICYCLE** at $16.75 while they last. The wheels are strictly up-to-date, famous everywhere for beauty and good quality.

DESCRIPTION The Iroquois Model 3 is too well known to need a detailed description. Shelby 1¼ in. seamless tubing, improved two-piece crank, detachable sprockets, arch crown, barrel hubs and hanger, 2¼ in. drop, finest nickel and enamel; colors, black, maroon and coach green; Gents' frames, 22, 24 and 26 in. Ladies' 22 in.; best "Record," guaranteed tires and high-grade equipment throughout. **Our Written Guarantee** with every bicycle.

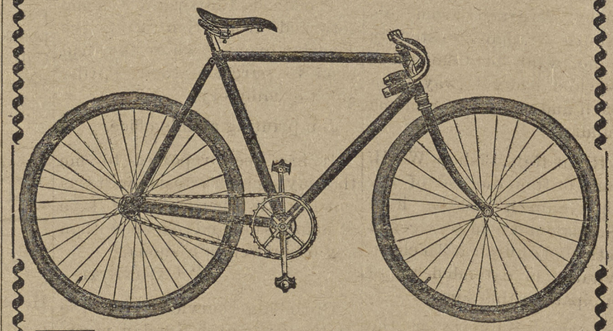
SEND ONE DOLLAR (or your express agent's guarantee for charges one way) state whether ladies' or gents', color and height of frame wanted, and we will ship C. O. D. for the balance ($15.75 and express charges), subject to examination and approval. If you don't find it the most wonderful Bicycle Offer ever made, send it back at our expense. **ORDER TO-DAY** if you don't want to be disappointed. 50 cents discount for cash in full with order.

WE HAVE BICYCLES A complete line of '99 Models at $11.50 and up. Second-hand Wheels $3 to $10. We want **RIDER AGENTS** in every town to represent us. Hundreds earned their bicycle last year. This year we offer wheels and cash for work done for us; also **Free Use** of sample wheel to agents. Write for our liberal proposition. We are known everywhere as the greatest Exclusive Bicycle House in the world and are perfectly reliable; we refer to any bank or business house in Chicago, to any express company and to our customers everywhere.

Jr. L. MEAD CYCLE CO., Chicago, Ill.

The Mead Cycle Co. are absolutely reliable and Iroquois Bicycles at $16.75 are wonderful bargains.—Editor.

The "White"



RIDDEN by the professional racer, it has proven a winner oftener than any in competition. Ridden by the non-professional, by the "scorcher," for business or pleasure, it has a record second to none. Material used in its construction, pains-taking care in manufacturing details, ease in running, and handsome, symmetrical design are a few of its claims for superiority. Reasonable prices, coupled with high values, are characteristics of the "WHITE." Our long established reputation guarantees the excellence of our product.

Models A and B	$50.00
Model G (30-in. wheel)	60.00
"Special Racer"	65.00
Models E and F (chainless)	75.00

White Sewing Machine Company,

CLEVELAND, OHIO.